



## Idaho DEQ Stormwater Pollution Prevention Program

### When is a permit required?

Construction activities are often exposed to the weather. Runoff from rain or snow that comes in contact with these activities may pick up sediment and pollutants and transport them to a surface water body.

Discharges from construction activities that disturb one or more acres, including discharges from smaller sites that are part of a common plan of development or sale that disturbs one or more acres, must obtain permit coverage. Construction storm water permits include requirements for erosion and sediment control, pollution prevention, and site stabilization from the Construction and Development Effluent Guidelines and Standards (40 CFR 450).

Construction sites seeking coverage under the construction general permit (CGP) must develop a storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) to document the temporary and permanent best management practices (BMPs) to be used on the site to reduce or prevent the discharge of pollutants. The SWPPP should document where all BMPs are installed, the site's discharge points, who is responsible for implementing the SWPPP, and training and maintenance records associated with the SWPPP.

### Filing for SWPP Permit

If your project is one or more acres, please email the following information to the WBTBC Risk/Safety Department as soon as possible. The SWPP permit cannot be filed without all the information below.

1. Project Name and address
2. Superintendents name and PM name
3. SWPP plan
4. Project start and end date

Note: The permit process can take up to 14 days from the time I apply.

### **WBTBC Risk/Safety Department**

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